

Parental permission is only required for any blood donor that is 16 years old. 17 and older do not require to complete this form. This form must be completed by a parent or legal guardian and not by the donor.

Information for Parents

Thank you for considering your son, daughter, or ward to donate blood. Please read the information below carefully and complete your authorization at the end of the form.

A Healthy Approach to Donation

Healthy habits can improve the donation experience. Blood donors should eat a nutritious, well-balanced diet containing foods rich in iron and high in vitamin C. Before a blood donation, blood donors should get enough rest, eat a good meal, and drink plenty of fluids. After donating, we recommend that some donors, including donors 16 to 18 years old, take a multivitamin with iron to help replace the iron lost during their blood donation. We hope that a positive donation experience encourages your teen to become a lifelong donor!

Donor Screening

- We will conduct a confidential interview in which we will ask your son, daughter, or ward questions about his or her health and medication use, sexual behavior, travel, and other risk factors for infectious diseases.
- We will test every donation for HIV (the virus that causes AIDS), hepatitis B and hepatitis C viruses, and other infectious diseases.
- If any test result or response to a donor-screening question suggests that your son or daughter is disqualified from donating blood in the future or may have an infectious disease, we will mark his or her donor record accordingly. When required, we report donor information, including test results, to health departments and regulatory agencies.
- The tests are very sensitive and detect most infections, but it is also possible that donors who are not infected will have falsely positive results. We are required to notify and disqualify donors even if subsequent test results indicate the donor is not infected.
- Whole blood and red cell apheresis (Power Red) donors will also be tested for ferritin, a test for iron stores. Donors will be notified of ferritin test results that are outside our acceptable ranges.
- We will communicate test results that disqualify a donor from future donation directly with the donor. We maintain the confidentiality of information we obtain about a donor, and we will release a donor's confidential information to his or her parents only with the donor's consent.

Whole Blood Donation

- Each donation uses a new, sterile needle to collect about a pint of blood from a vein in the donor's arm.
- Most donors feel fine before and after donating blood, but some donors may have a lightheaded or dizzy feeling; an upset stomach; a black and blue mark, redness, or pain where the needle was inserted; fainting or loss of consciousness and injury from related falls; or very rarely, nerve or artery damage. Young, first-time, and low-weight donors are more likely to experience reactions than other donors.
- Iron is lost through blood donations. Low iron, also known as iron deficiency, may lead to health problems, including anemia (not enough red blood cells or hemoglobin). Healthy iron levels are important for overall health, physical and mental development, and maintaining strength and energy. To help replace iron lost through blood donation, we recommend that some donors, including donors 16 to 18 years old, take a multivitamin with 18 mg of iron for 60 days after each whole blood donation or for 120 days after each Power Red donation.
- For more information about iron and a healthy blood donation, please visit this link at American Red Cross which has helpful information <http://www.redcrossblood.org/iron>. If a donor chooses to take iron, we recommend that the donor tell his or her health care provider.

Research

- We may confidentially and anonymously use the information or blood we collect from donors for medical research.
- By giving your son, daughter, or ward permission to donate blood, you are also consenting to the use of the donation and donor information for research.
 - I do not authorize my child to donate blood.**
 - I authorize my child to donate blood.**

Donor Name: (son, daughter, or ward): _____

Parent/Guardian Name: _____

Parent/Guardian Signature: _____

Parent/Guardian Phone Number: _____

Date (mm/dd/yyyy): _____